

Reserve Fund 411

MULCAHY Community Association Cheat Sheet®

BRINGING ANSWERS TO COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS

This publication discusses significant points of law as they apply to community associations and is not intended to offer specific legal advice or responses to individual circumstances or problems.

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RESERVE FUNDS FOR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS

Currently, Arizona law does not require a developer or an association to create and fund reserves for a community association (however, some association documents may require this). Adequate reserve funding is in the best financial interest of the association. Reserve funding allows an association to provide for the repair, maintenance and replacement of the association's assets as the community ages.

WHAT IS A RESERVE STUDY?

The reserve study is a budgeting guide that will provide a comprehensive plan that shows an association how much is reasonable to place in reserve for a specific replacement or maintenance project. When properly executed, it can give a clear picture for the maintenance, repair or replacement requirements of association assets for the life of the association.

A <u>reserve study</u> starts with an accurate inventory of the community's assets to determine the useful life of said assets and a review of the association documents to determine the responsibilities of the association regarding property and assets.

A reserve study should provide:

- 1. A detailed inventory of association assets that are labeled as assets for the reserve account;
- 2. Location of the assets;
- 3. Current age and remaining life of each asset creating a time line for scheduled repair, maintenance or replacement;
- 4. The cost to replace each asset when necessary;
- 5. The costs of repair or maintenance, ie. painting association fences; and
- 6. A calculation of the monthly contribution required to have proper funding for repair, maintenance or replacement when needed.

REASONS FOR ESTABLISHING A RESERVE FUND

Educated homebuyers may not invest in a community that is not maintained, has debt, or does not have an adequate reserve fund. Additionally, lenders may not approve mortgage applications in communities with no reserve or low reserves. Arizona does not require reserves or a reserve study, however, planned communities and condominiums in Arizona with fifty or more lots/units are required to disclose to purchasers the amount of money held in reserves and provide a copy of the most recent reserve study (if any) in a disclosure statement pursuant to A.R.S. Sections 33-1806, planned communities and A.R.S. Section 33-1260, condominiums.

The following are common reasons for maintaining a reserve fund:

- 1. Reserve funding meets legal, fiduciary and professional requirements;
- 2. A reserve fund provides for the planned replacement of major items;
- 3. A reserve fund distributes the contributions of old and new owners;
- 4. A reserve fund minimizes or negates the need for special assessments; and
- 5. A reserve fund enhances resale values because associations must disclose information about their reserve funding policies.

How Does the Association Determine an Adequate Reserve Fund?

The reserve study inventory should determine assets that will be included in a reserve budget and also label those items that will be an operational expense.

Operational expenses are typically characterized as reasonably predicable in terms of frequency and cost.

How Does the Association Determine an Adequate Reserve Fund? continued

They are minor expenses which would not adversely affect the operational budget from one year to the next. Examples of operational expenses include (but are not limited to): utilities, administrative expenses, services such as landscaping, pool maintenance, management and repair expenses such as small equipment repair.

Reserve expenses are capital expenses and major expenses, other than annual expenses, that are reasonably predictable as to frequency and cost. They must be budgeted in advance to provide the necessary funding or the owners could face a special assessment. Examples of reserve expenses include (but are not limited to) painting buildings, fences, asphalt repairs, pool and spa resurfacing and equipment, clubhouse remodeling, roof replacement, air conditioning equipment, etc.

Upon completion of the reserve study, it will be necessary for the association to review the study as it applies to the budget and future funding to determine the necessary monetary assessments required to meet the reserves time line. Typically with each member's monthly, quarterly or yearly assessment a percentage of the assessment is placed in the reserves account. By creating a reserve fund that allows members to contribute equally with each assessment, special assessments can be lessened or eliminated. A special assessment places the burden of replacement of an item on those currently living in the association when residents who have lived in the association but moved, received benefit of the asset without payment.

When a reserve study is completed and implemented, the association can plan for efficient payment of major expenses, thereby offering residents a fair distribution of payment responsibility over the life of the community.

WHAT DOES A RESERVE STUDY COST?

Experts recommend that reserve studies be reviewed or updated every five years which allows for the opportunity to adjust the funding requirements as needed. Because of the technical details involved in the development of a reserve study, the association should consider hiring a qualified reserve study professional. A professional reserve study will range between \$1,500 - \$5,000 depending on the size and amenities of the association. If the association cannot afford to hire a professional, "do-it-yourself" software programs and worksheets are available between \$250 and \$1,000.

WHAT SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED IN A RESERVE STUDY?

Budgeting for assets that would have an estimated useful life equal to or greater than the community itself are typically excluded from reserve funding. Examples are the complete replacement of elevators, electrical wiring etc. Insignificant expenses that are covered by a general maintenance fund are also excluded. Natural disasters or accidents are typically insured for and are not included in the reserve funding.

If you have questions regarding reserve studies, budgets and funding please call the Mulcahy Law Firm, P.C.

A Mulcahy attorney will be happy to assist you.